

# STADLER

*Cleverer Lösungen auf der Schiene*



# FEMFAT



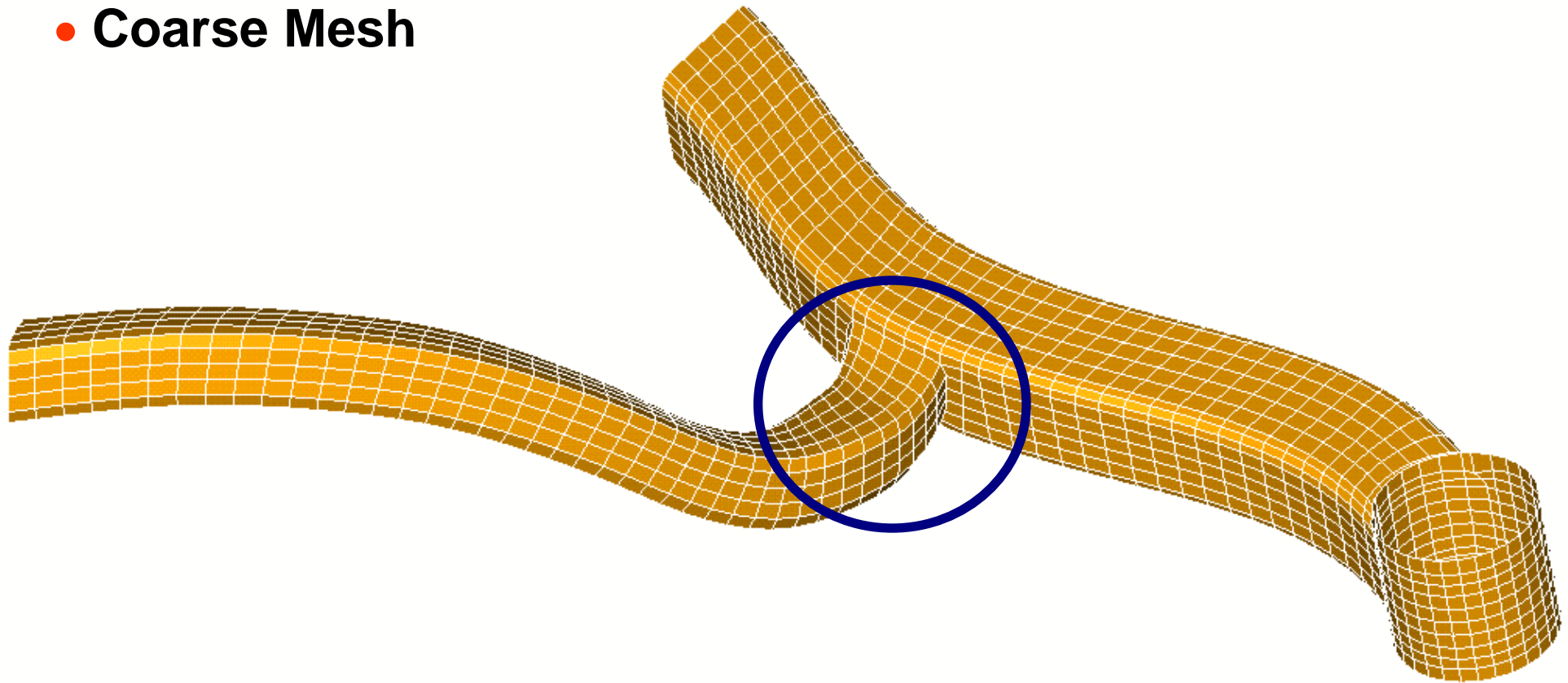
## Efficient Modeling and Evaluation of Welding Seams at Stadler Rail Altenrhein/Switzerland

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Klaus Hofwimmer, Axel Werkhausen, ECS – St. Valentin / Austria

- **Weld seam modeling in FE-Preprocessors**
- **Weld seam modeling in FEMFAT Visualizer instead**
- **Fatigue analysis of Weld seams in FEMFAT WELD (proposed method by Stadler Rail)**
- **Procedure at STADLER RAIL for weldseam modeling**
  - FE meshing in Hypermesh
  - Weld seam definition in FEMFAT VISUALIZER – half model
  - Dummy analysis for output file
  - mirror the definition to the other half (external tool)
  - Fatigue analysis with FEMFAT

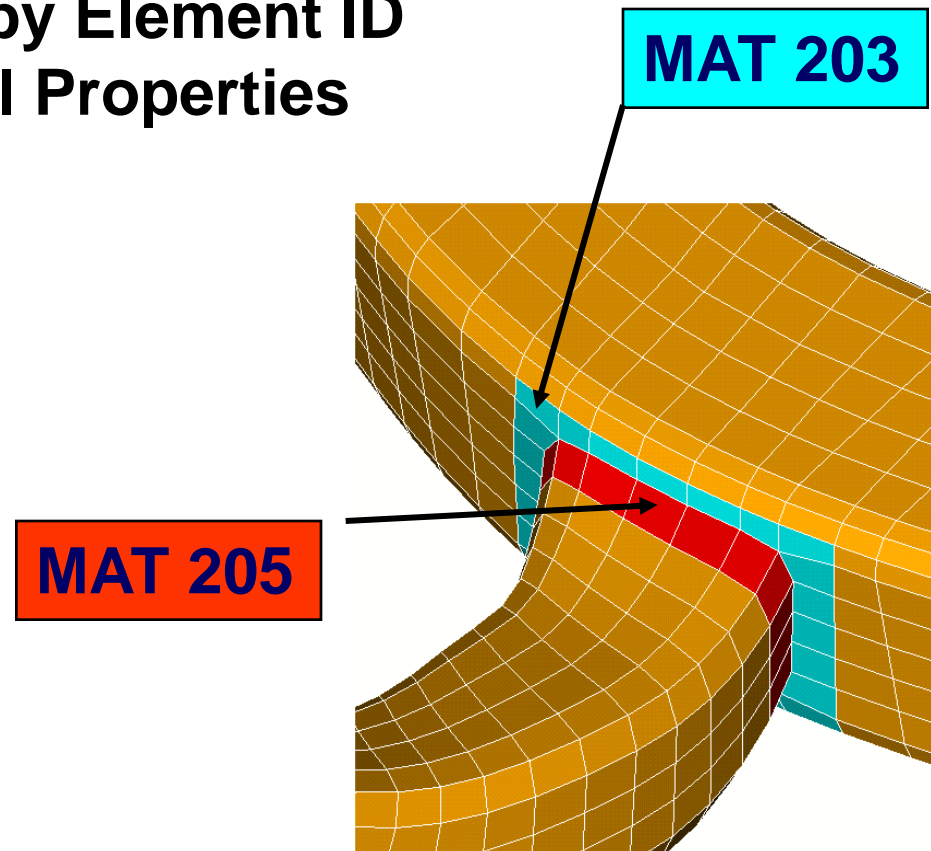
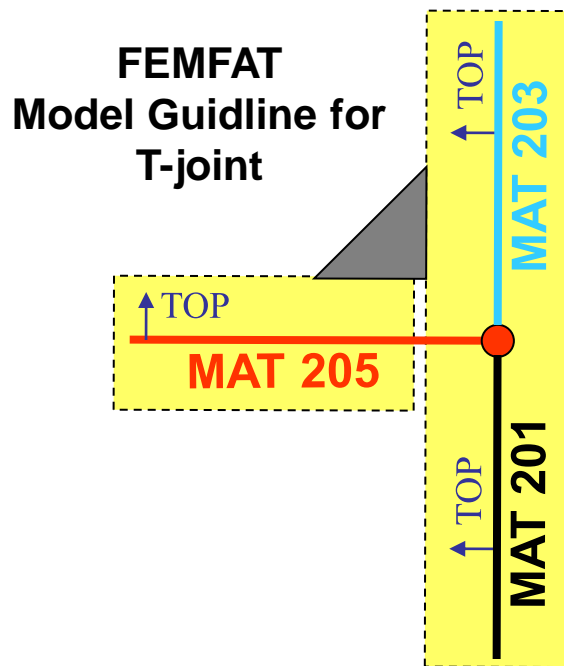
# Weld seam modeling in FE-Preprocessors

- Setup of FE Model
- For Example With Shell Elements
- Coarse Mesh



# Weld seam modeling in FE-Preprocessors

- Definition of Weld Seams According to Modeling Guidelines
- Weld Nodes are recognised by Node colour or Coord. System
- Weld Type is Recognised by Element ID
- No Modification of Material Properties



# Modeling Guideline for T-Joint

**Weldtype:** T-JOINT

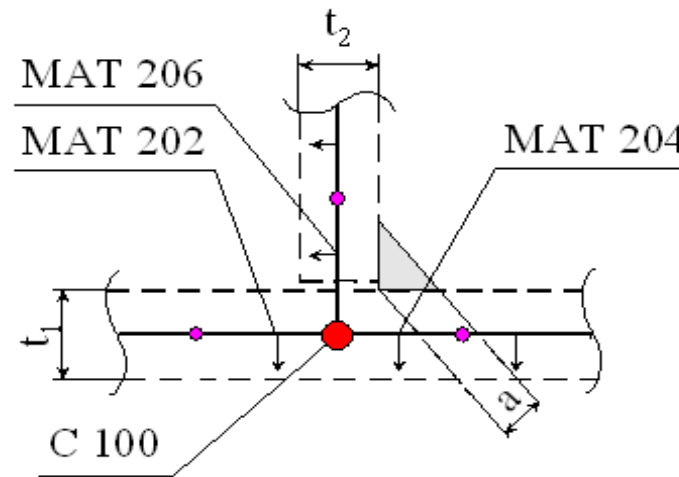
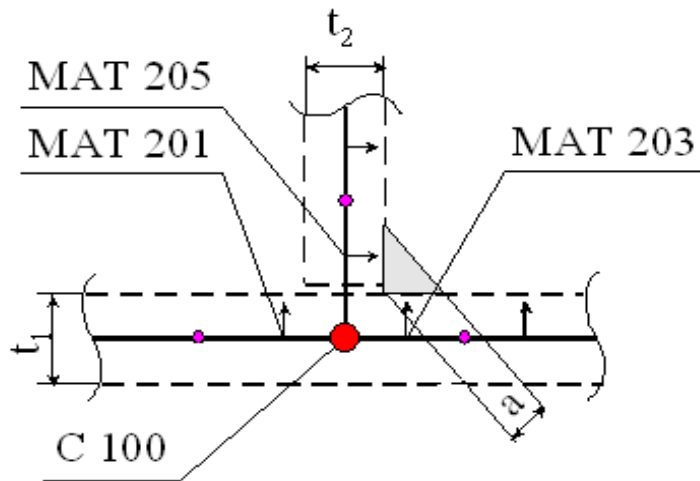
**Seamform:** One sided fillet weld

## 2D Modelling:

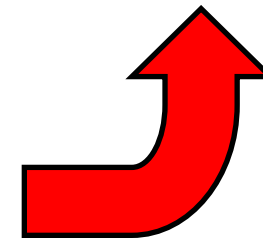
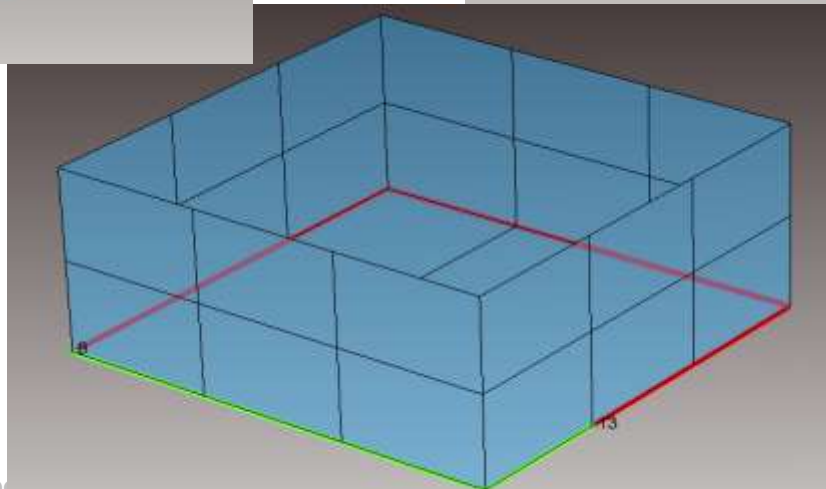
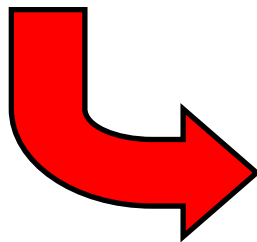
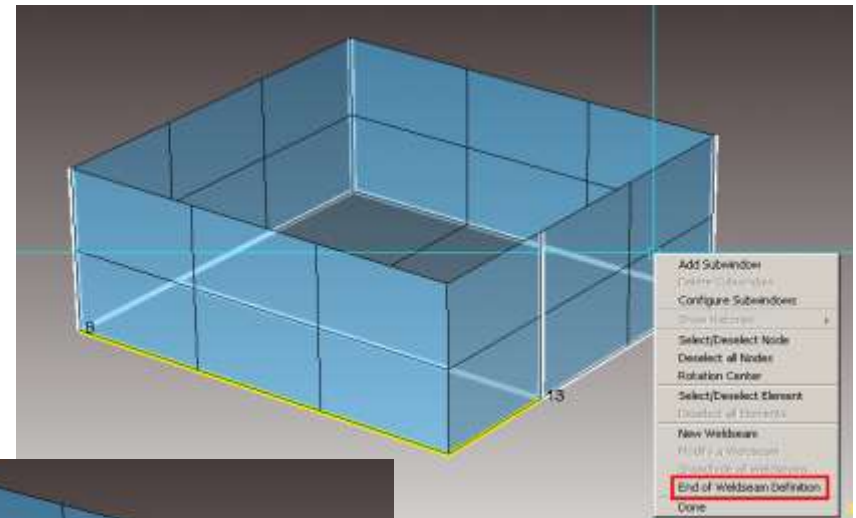
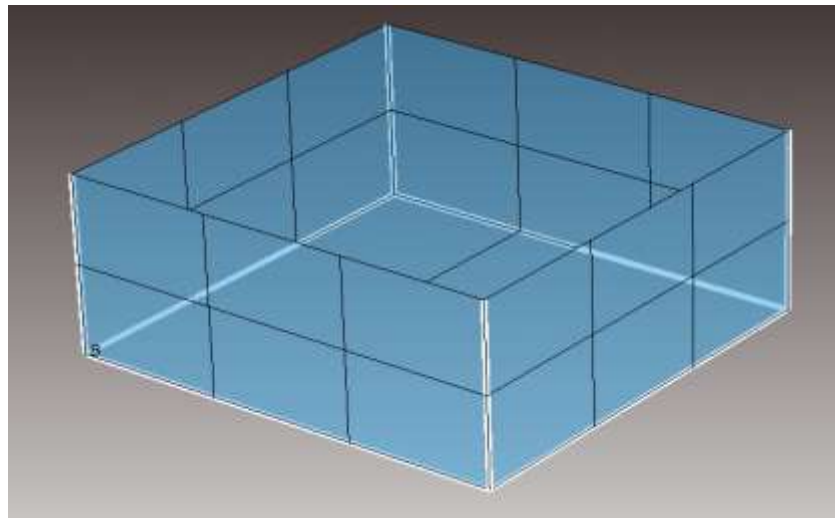
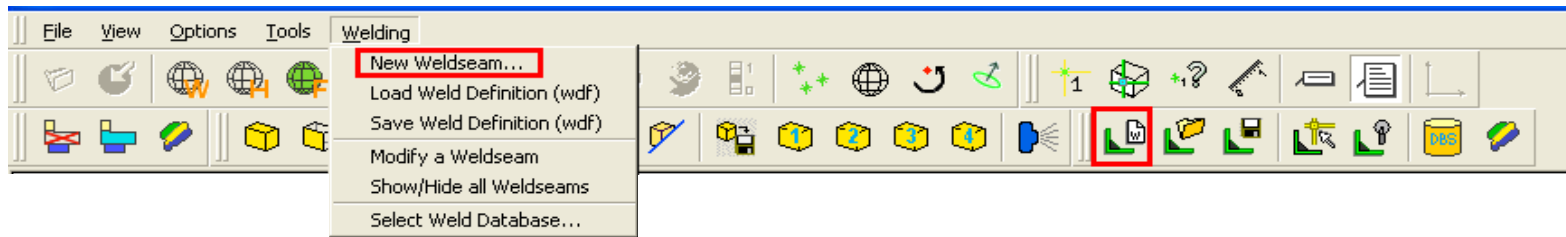
**Element type** : THIN SHELL (quadrilateral, triangle)

**Element material number** : MAT201 - MAT206

**Weld seam node colour** : C100 ... normal weld seam node  
 C101 ... weld seam end, not welded around  
 C102 ... weld seam end, welded around



# Weld seam modeling in FEMFAT Visualizer

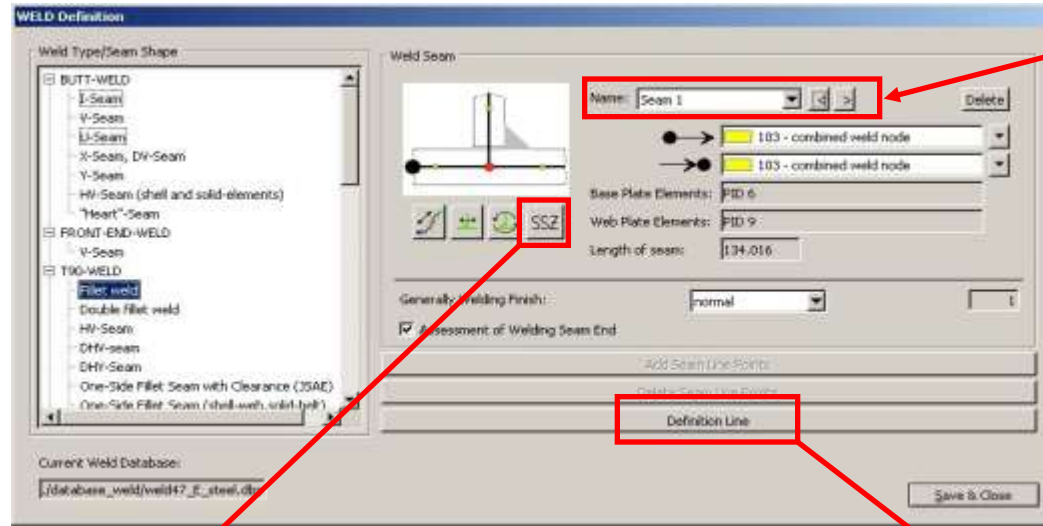
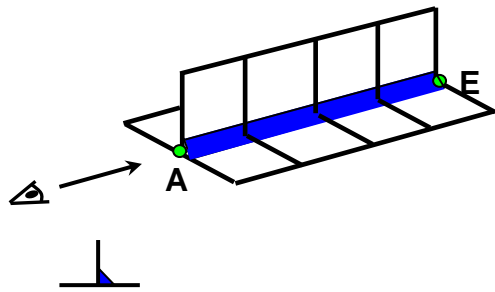


# Weld seam modeling in FEMFAT Visualizer

## Definition of Weld Type, Seam Shape, Welded Side

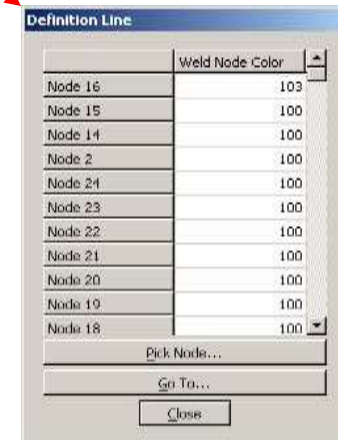
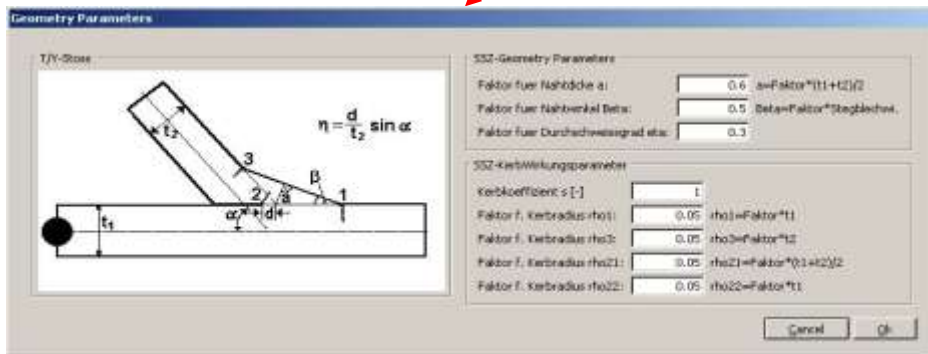
Example:

T-Joint welded at one side



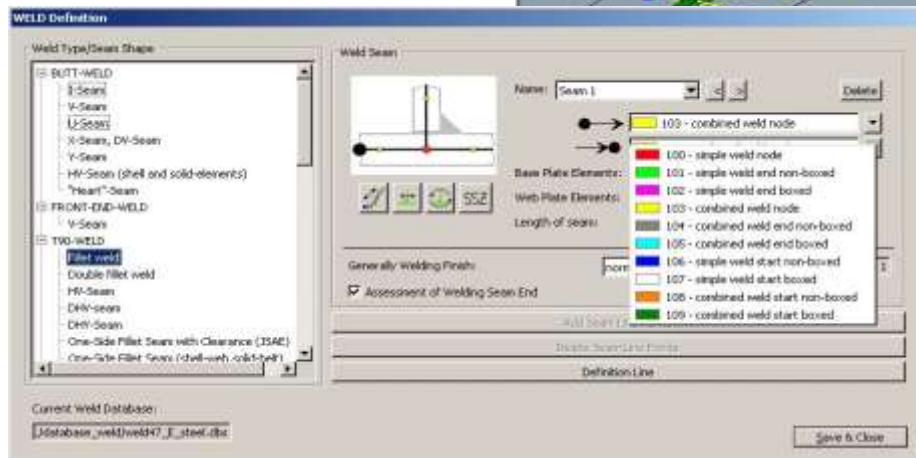
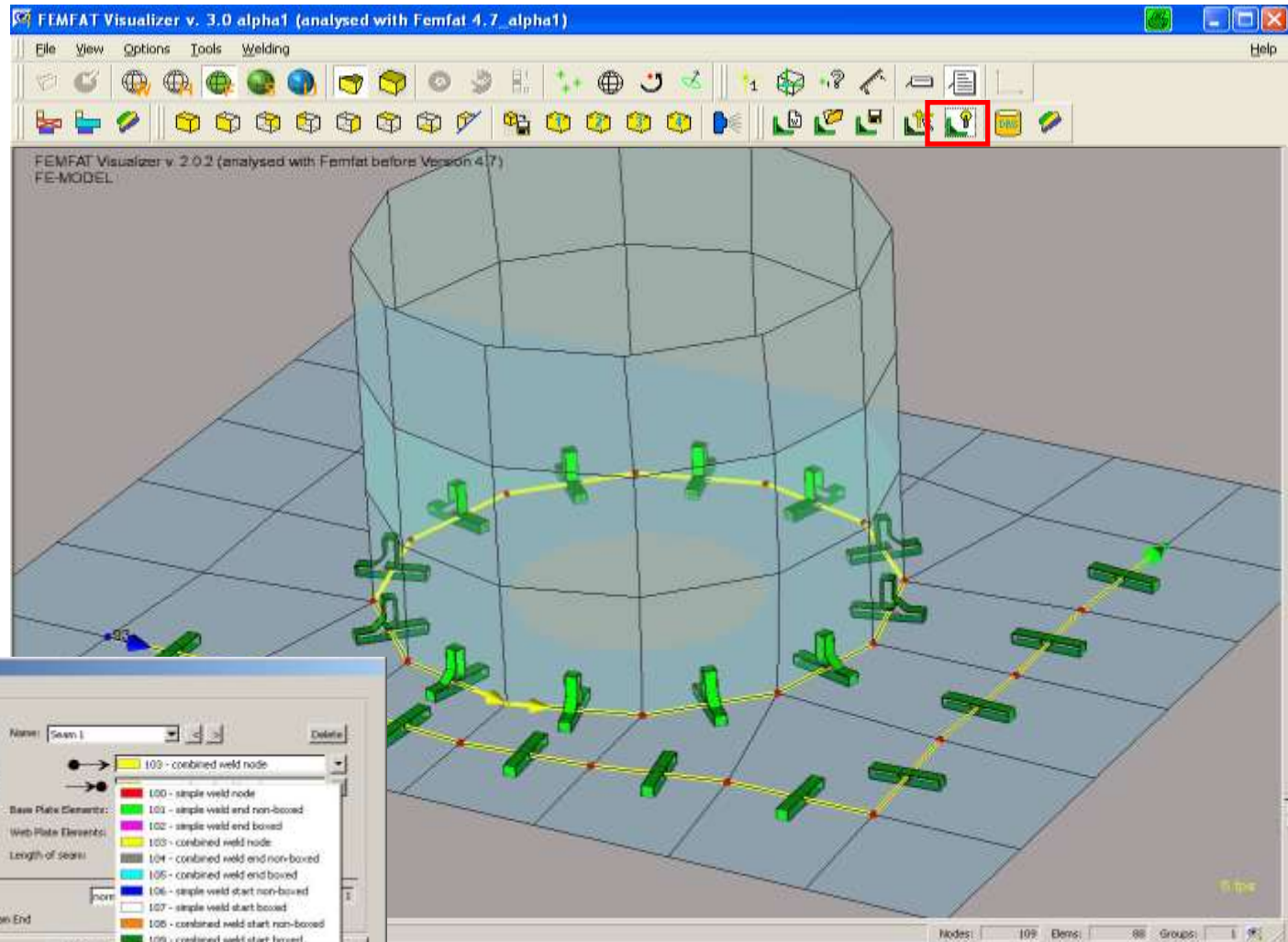
Selection of welding seam

Definition of welding seam start nodes, mid nodes, end nodes, etc. by colors

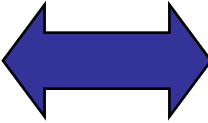
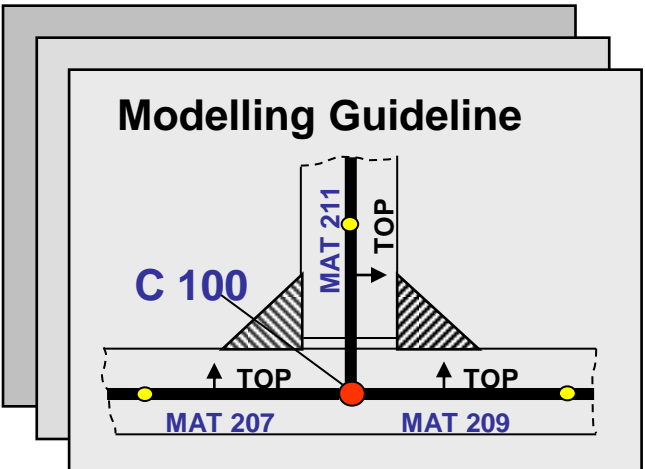


# Benefit: Visualization of Detailed Geometry

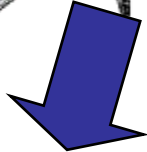
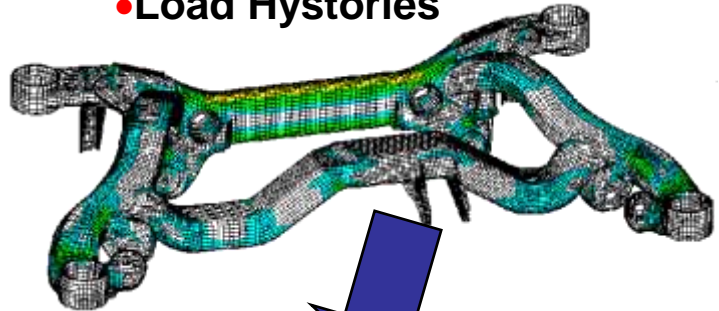
User defined weld geometry in WELD database !



# Fatigue analysis of Weld seams in FEMFAT WELD

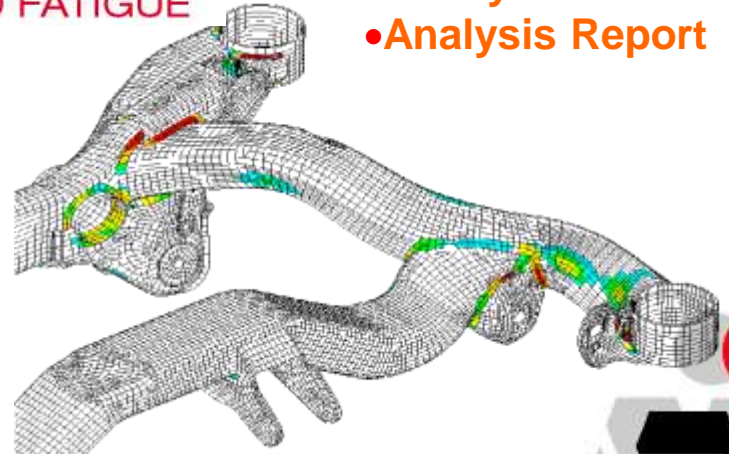
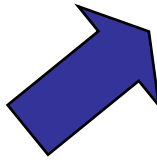
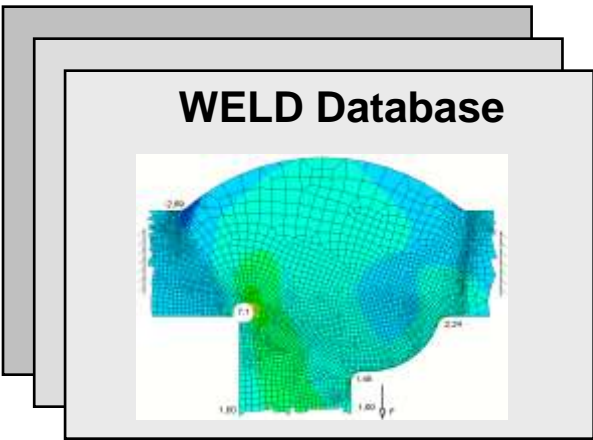


- FE-Model
- Stress Results
- Load Hystories



**FEMFAT** weld  
FINITE ELEMENT METHOD FATIGUE

- Damage (1/Life)
- Safety Factors
- Analysis Report



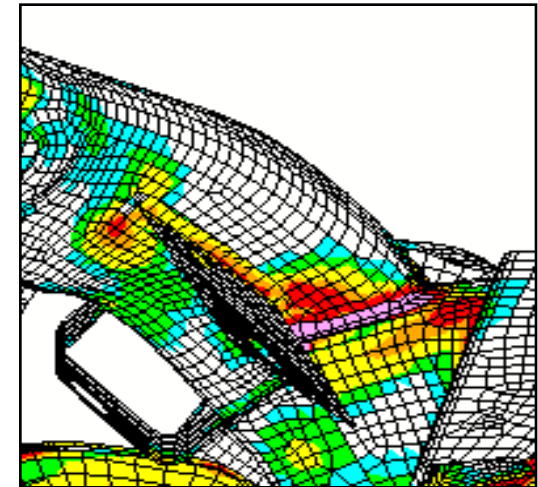
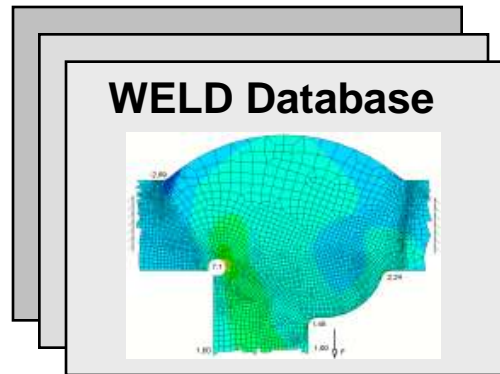
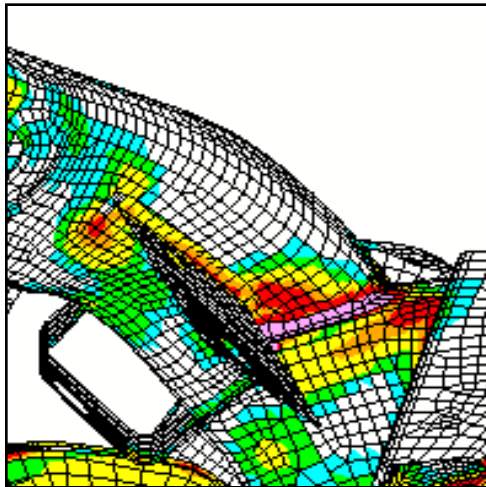
Structural Stresses



Notch Factors

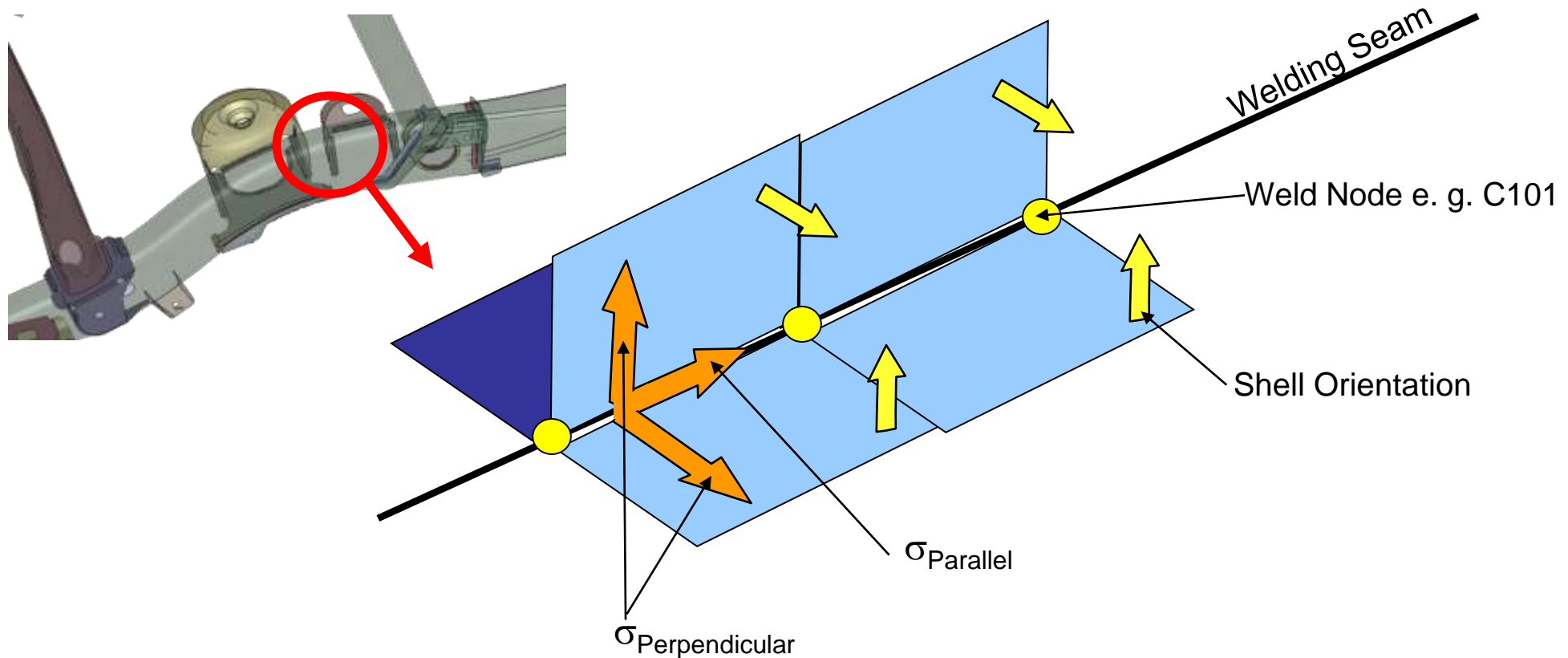


Notch Stresses



- Structural Stresses out of FE Results
- All details are stored in open FEMFAT WELD database
  - Weld S/N Curve
  - Haigh – Diagram form Mean Stress Influence
  - Influence of Shell Thickness
  - Notch factors
- Notch Stresses are Structural Stresses multiplied by Notch factor

# Assessment of structural stress



- Anisotropic Strength Characteristics for Welding Seams
- Stresses Perpendicular and Parallel to Seam are Critical
- Transformation to local Coordinate System



# Read the appropriate notch factors from FEMFAT WELD Database

```

$=====
$ T-Weld, Double Fillet-Weld                               Situation: 05-01-96
$ -----
$
$
$ Data for a node in the middle of the weld seam
$
$   MNT MNB UTL1 UTL2 UTL3 UBL1 UBL2 UBL3 WTL1 WTL2 WTL3 WBL1 WBL2 WBL3 SPTO SPBO
$   -----
207 212      1.85 1.85 1.98              1.61 1.61 1.61
208      212              1.85 1.85 1.98              1.61 1.61 1.61
209 211      1.85 1.85 1.98              1.61 1.61 1.61
210      211              1.85 1.85 1.98              1.61 1.61 1.61
211      2.65 1.76      2.65 1.76      2.16 0.42      2.16 0.42
212      2.65 1.76      2.65 1.76      2.16 0.42      2.16 0.42
$
$   BEPKT 1           BEPKT 2           BEPKT 3           BEPKT 4
$   Inclination      Inclination      Inclination      Inclination
$   Cycle Endur.     Cycle Endur.     Cycle Endur.     Cy
$   -----
N207           5.00           5.00           4.00
E207          1800000         1800000         1000000
N208           5.00           5.00           4.00
E208          1800000         1800000         1000000
N209           5.00           5.00           4.00
E209          1800000         1800000         1000000
N210           5.00           5.00           4.00

```

**Including**

- Notch Factors
- S/N Curves
- Haigh Diagram
- Weld Endurance Limit
- Thickness Influence Factors

The notch stress in **perpendicular direction** follows to:

$$\sigma_{\perp,\text{notch}} = \sigma_{\perp,\text{nominal}} \cdot \alpha_{\perp}$$

The notch stress in **longitudinal direction** follows to:

$$\sigma_{\parallel,\text{notch}} = \sigma_{\parallel,\text{nominal}} \cdot \alpha_{\parallel} = \sigma_{\parallel,\text{nominal}} + \nu \cdot (\sigma_{\perp,\text{notch}} - \sigma_{\perp,\text{nominal}})$$

The notch **shear stress** follows with  $\alpha_{\tau} = (\alpha_{\perp} + 1)/2$  to:

$$\tau_{\text{notch}} = \tau_{\text{nominal}} \cdot \alpha_{\tau} = \tau_{\text{nominal}} \cdot (\alpha_{\perp} + 1)/2$$

$\alpha_{\perp}$  ... notch factor perpendicular to the weld seam ← from the database.

# Equivalent Stress/Endurance Safety:

## DIN 15018:

$$\frac{1}{S} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{S_{\perp}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{S_{\parallel}}\right)^2 - \text{sig}(\sigma_{\perp} \cdot \sigma_{\parallel}) \left(\frac{1}{S_{\perp} \cdot S_{\parallel}}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{S_{\tau}}\right)^2}$$

$$\frac{\sigma_{a,Equivalent}}{\sigma_{A,Equivalent}} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_{a,parallel}}{\sigma_{A,parallel}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\sigma_{a,perpendicular}}{\sigma_{A,perpendicular}}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{\sigma_{a,parallel}}{\sigma_{A,parallel}}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{\sigma_{a,perpendicular}}{\sigma_{A,perpendicular}}\right) + \left(\frac{\tau_{a,parallel}}{\tau_{A,parallel}}\right)^2}$$

## DVS 1608:

$$a_V = \sqrt{a_{\perp}^2 + a_{\parallel}^2 + f(\Phi) \cdot a_{\perp} \cdot a_{\parallel} + a_{\tau}^2} \quad \longrightarrow \quad D_V = a_V^{keff}$$

$$\frac{1}{S} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{S_{\perp}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{S_{\parallel}}\right)^2 + f(\Phi) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{S_{\perp} \cdot S_{\parallel}}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{S_{\tau}}\right)^2}$$

## BS 7608:

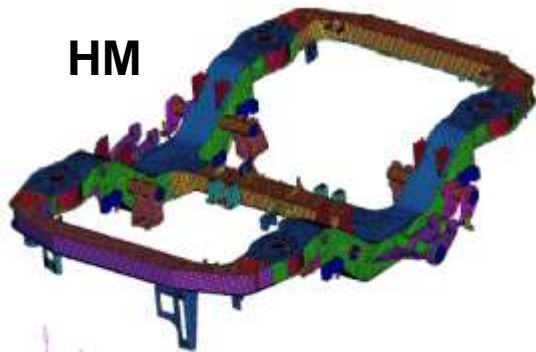
$$\frac{\sigma_a}{\sigma_A} = \sqrt{\text{MAX} \left[ \left(\frac{\sigma_{a\perp}}{\sigma_{A\perp}}\right)^2, \left(\frac{\sigma_{a\parallel}}{\sigma_{A\parallel}}\right)^2 \right] + \left(\frac{\tau_a}{\tau_A}\right)^2}$$

## Every Standard:

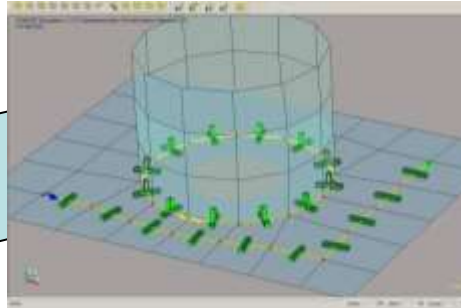
$$\frac{\sigma_a}{\sigma_A} = \frac{\sigma_{a\perp}}{\sigma_{A\perp}} \quad ; \quad \frac{\sigma_a}{\sigma_A} = \frac{\sigma_{a\parallel}}{\sigma_{A\parallel}} \quad ; \quad \frac{\sigma_a}{\sigma_A} = \frac{\tau_a}{\tau_A}$$



# Procedure at STADLER RAIL for weldseam modeling



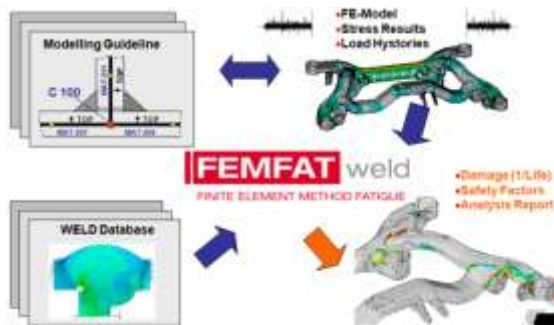
## FEMFAT Visualizer



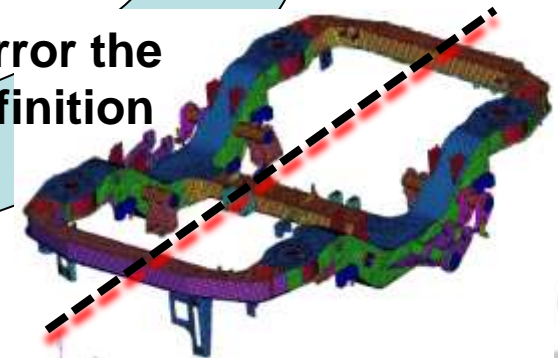
**FEMFAT**

Dummy analysis for export

## Fatigue Analysis



Mirror the definition



# Conclusion

- **Stadler Rail limits the time for weldseam modeling to about 60%**
- **Additional time for the dummy analysis is small.**
- **The script for mirroring the definitions from ALTAIR was worth the money within the second project.**
- **The fatigue results on the complete structure (symmetric results for symmetric loads) make the railway authorities happy.**

# Loadcase definition and combination

Algebra																							
File																							
MDG	UIC_Loads																						
date	14_03_2007_kaj																						
END_OF_HEADERS																							
	Spalte 1	Spalte 2	Spalte 3	Spalte 4	Spalte 5	Spalte 6	Spalte 7	Spalte 8	Spalte 9	Spalte 10	Spalte 11	Spalte 12	Spalte 13	Spalte 14	Spalte 15	Spalte 16	Spalte 17	Spalte 18	Spalte 19	Spalte 20	Spalte 21	Spalte 22	Spalte 23
	0	0	-0,01	1,2	1,2	19,5	0	0	-55,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	-0,01	1,2	1,2	19,5	0	3,755	-55,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	0	0	-0,01	1,2	1,2	19,5	0	3,755	-55,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1
	0	0	-0,01	1,0	1,0	19,5	0	0	-55,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	0	0	-0,01	1,0	1,0	19,5	0	3,755	-55,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	0	0	-0,01	1,0	1,0	19,5	0	3,755	-55,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1
	0	0	-0,01	1,2	1,2	19,5	0	0	55,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	0	0	-0,01	1,2	1,2	-19,5	3,755	0	55,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	0	0	-0,01	1,2	1,2	-19,5	3,755	0	55,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1
	0	0	-0,01	1,0	1,0	19,5	0	0	55,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	0	0	-0,01	1,0	1,0	-19,5	3,755	0	55,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1
	0	0	-0,01	1,0	1,0	-19,5	3,755	0	55,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	0	0	-0,01	1,05	1,05	19,5	0	0	0	0	3,6	10,0	12	-3,6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	0	0	-0,01	1,05	1,05	19,5	0	0	0	0	-3,6	-10,0	-12	3,6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	0	0	-0,01	1,05	1,05	19,5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,042	2,042	-2,042	-2,042
	0	0	-0,01	1,05	1,05	19,5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-2,042	-2,042	2,042	2,042
-1,422	0	0	-0,01	1,05	1,05	19,5	0	1,070	-27,503	4,0	5,4	0	-4,0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1,422	0	0	-0,01	1,05	1,05	-19,5	1,070	0	27,503	-4,0	-5,4	0	4,0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	-0,01	1,0	1,0	19,5	0	1,070	-27,503	4,0	5,4	0	-4,0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	-0,01	1,2	1,2	-19,5	1,070	0	27,503	-4,0	-5,4	0	4,0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
-1,275	0	0	-0,01	1,05	1,05	19,5	0	1,070	-27,503	4,0	5,4	0	-4,0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1,275	0	0	-0,01	1,05	1,05	-19,5	1,070	0	27,503	-4,0	-5,4	0	4,0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

